Question Label: Multiple Choice Question

They want to go on a long journey, \_\_\_\_\_

Options:

6406532305264. \*\* Doesn't they?

6406532305265. \*\* Don't they?

6406532305266. \*\* Didn't they?

6406532305267. Won't they?

# Sem2 Maths2

**Section Id:** 64065348483

Section Number: 6

Section type: Online

Mandatory or Optional: Mandatory

Number of Questions: 9

Number of Questions to be attempted: 9

Section Marks: 25

**Display Number Panel:** Yes

**Group All Questions**: No

**Enable Mark as Answered Mark for Review and** 

Yes Clear Response:

Maximum Instruction Time: 0

Sub-Section Number: 1

**Sub-Section Id:** 640653100685

**Question Shuffling Allowed:** No

Is Section Default?: null

Question Number: 122 Question Id: 640653689001 Question Type: MCQ Is Question

Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction

Time: 0

**Correct Marks: 0** 

Question Label: Multiple Choice Question

THIS IS QUESTION PAPER FOR THE SUBJECT "FOUNDATION LEVEL: SEMESTER II:

MATHEMATICS FOR DATA SCIENCE II (COMPUTER BASED EXAM)"

ARE YOU SURE YOU HAVE TO WRITE EXAM FOR THIS SUBJECT?

CROSS CHECK YOUR HALL TICKET TO CONFIRM THE SUBJECTS TO BE WRITTEN.

(IF IT IS NOT THE CORRECT SUBJECT, PLS CHECK THE SECTION AT THE <u>TOP</u> FOR THE SUBJECTS REGISTERED BY YOU)

**Options:** 

6406532305268. ✓ YES

6406532305269. \* NO

Sub-Section Number: 2

**Sub-Section Id:** 640653100686

**Question Shuffling Allowed:** Yes

Is Section Default?: null

Question Number: 123 Question Id: 640653689010 Question Type: MSQ Is Question

Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction

Time: 0

Correct Marks: 2 Max. Selectable Options: 0

Question Label: Multiple Select Question

Which of the following functions are linear transformations?

**Options:** 

6406532305288.  $T: \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}, T(x) = 2x + 1$ 

6406532305289.  $\checkmark T: \mathbb{R}^4 \to \mathbb{R}^2, T(x, y, z, w) = (x + y, z + w)$ 

6406532305290. 
$$\checkmark T: \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}^3, T(x, y, z) = (-y, -x, 0)$$

6406532305291. \* 
$$T: \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}^2, T(x) = (x+1, x-1)$$

Question Number: 124 Question Id: 640653689011 Question Type: MSQ Is Question

Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction

Time: 0

Correct Marks: 2 Max. Selectable Options: 0

Question Label: Multiple Select Question

Let T be a linear transformation from  $\mathbb{R}^2$  to  $\mathbb{R}^3$ .  $S \subset \mathbb{R}^2$  is a line passing through the origin. Which of the following are possible?

### **Options:**

6406532305292.  $\checkmark$  T(S) could be the origin in  $\mathbb{R}^3$ .

6406532305293.  $\checkmark$  T(S) could be a line passing through the origin in  $\mathbb{R}^3$ .

6406532305294. \* T(S) could be a plane passing through the origin in  $\mathbb{R}^3$ .

6406532305295. \* T(S) could be  $\mathbb{R}^3$ 

**Sub-Section Number:** 3

**Sub-Section Id:** 640653100687

**Question Shuffling Allowed:** Yes

Is Section Default?: null

Question Number: 125 Question Id: 640653689002 Question Type: MSQ Is Question

Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction

Time: 0

Correct Marks: 3 Max. Selectable Options: 0

Question Label: Multiple Select Question

Let A and B be  $n \times n$  matrices. Which of the following statement(s) is/are true?

### **Options:**

6406532305270.  $\checkmark$  If A and B are similar, then nullity of A and nullity of B are equal.

Let A and B be similar matrices. Then the homogeneous system of linear equations Ax = 0 has a unique solution if and only if the homogeneous system of linear equations Bx = 0 has a unique solution.

6406532305271.

If  $A^k$  and  $B^k$  are similar for some positive integer k, then A and B 6406532305272. \*\* are similar.

If A and B are similar matrices where A is a scalar matrix, then 6406532305273.  $\checkmark A = B.$ 

Question Number: 126 Question Id: 640653689009 Question Type: MSQ Is Question

 ${\bf Mandatory: No\ Calculator: None\ Response\ Time: N.A\ Think\ Time: N.A\ Minimum\ Instruction}$ 

Time: 0

Correct Marks: 3 Max. Selectable Options: 0

Question Label: Multiple Select Question

Let A be a  $n \times n$  orthogonal matrix. Then which of the following statement(s) is/are true?

## Options:

6406532305284.  $\checkmark$  The rows of A form an orthonormal basis for  $\mathbb{R}^n$ .

Suppose T is the linear transformation corresponding to A, then  $\|Tv\| = \|v\|$  for any  $v \in \mathbb{R}^n$ .

6406532305286.

The system of linear equations Ax = b has a unique solution for every  $b \in \mathbb{R}^n$ .

The rows of A form an orthogonal basis but not an orthonormal basis for  $\mathbb{R}^n$ .

Sub-Section Number: 4

**Sub-Section Id:** 640653100688

**Question Shuffling Allowed:** No

Is Section Default?: null

Question Id: 640653689003 Question Type: COMPREHENSION Sub Question Shuffling

Allowed: No Group Comprehension Questions: No Question Pattern Type: NonMatrix

Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction Time: 0

**Question Numbers: (127 to 128)** 

Question Label: Comprehension

Let  $L = \{(x, y) \colon y = x + 1\}$  and  $L' = \{(x, x + z - 2, z) \colon x, z \in \mathbb{R}\}.$ 

Based on the above data, answer the given subquestions.

**Sub questions** 

Question Number: 127 Question Id: 640653689004 Question Type: MSQ Is Question

Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction

Time: 0

Correct Marks: 2 Max. Selectable Options: 0

Question Label: Multiple Select Question

Choose the correct option from the following.

**Options:** 

The subspace associated with the affine space L is the line

6406532305274. **\*** y = x + 1.

The subspace associated with the affine space L is given by 6406532305275.  $\checkmark$   $\{(x,x)\colon x\in\mathbb{R}\}.$ 

The subspace associated with the affine space L' is given by 6406532305276.  $\checkmark$   $\{(x,y,z)\colon x-y+z=0\}$ 

The subspace associated with the affine space L' is the 6406532305277.  $\thickapprox~xz\text{-}\,\text{plane}.$ 

Question Number: 128 Question Id: 640653689005 Question Type: SA Calculator: None

Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction Time: 0

**Correct Marks: 1** 

Question Label: Short Answer Question

If the dimension of L is m and

the dimension of L' is n,

then m+n is

Response Type: Numeric

**Evaluation Required For SA:** Yes

**Show Word Count:** Yes

**Answers Type :** Equal

**Text Areas:** PlainText

**Possible Answers:** 

3

Sub-Section Number: 5

**Sub-Section Id:** 640653100689

**Question Shuffling Allowed:** No

Is Section Default?: null

Question Id: 640653689006 Question Type: COMPREHENSION Sub Question Shuffling

Allowed: No Group Comprehension Questions: No Question Pattern Type: NonMatrix

Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction Time: 0

**Question Numbers: (129 to 130)** 

Question Label: Comprehension

Let  $W = \{(x, y, z) : x + 2y - z = 0\}.$ 

Based on the above data, answer the given subquestions.

**Sub questions** 

Question Number: 129 Question Id: 640653689007 Question Type: MCQ Is Question

Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction

Time: 0

**Correct Marks: 1** 

Question Label: Multiple Choice Question

Which of the following is a basis

 $\beta$  for W?

### **Options:**

6406532305279. \* {(1, 0, -1),(0, 1, 2)}

6406532305280. (1, 0, 1),(0, 1, 2)}

6406532305281. \* {(1, 0, 1),(0, 1, 1)}

6406532305282. \* {(-1, 0, -1),(0, 2, 1)}

Question Number: 130 Question Id: 640653689008 Question Type: SA Calculator: None

Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction Time: 0

**Correct Marks: 3** 

Question Label: Short Answer Question

If  $\gamma$  is the orthonormal basis of W obtained from the basis  $\beta$  by using the Gram Schmidt process with respect to the usual inner product and (a, b, c) is the projection of (1,3,1) onto W, then what is a + b + c?

Response Type: Numeric

**Evaluation Required For SA:** Yes

**Show Word Count:** Yes

**Answers Type:** Equal

**Text Areas:** PlainText

**Possible Answers:** 

3

Question Id: 640653689012 Question Type: COMPREHENSION Sub Question Shuffling

Allowed : No Group Comprehension Questions : No Question Pattern Type : NonMatrix

Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction Time : 0

**Question Numbers: (131 to 132)** 

Question Label: Comprehension

Consider the following system of linear equations:

$$x + 3y - 2z = 0$$
$$y - z = 0$$
$$x + y = 0$$

Let A be the coefficient matrix corresponding to this system.

Based on the above data, answer the given subquestions.

**Sub questions** 

Question Number: 131 Question Id: 640653689013 Question Type: MCQ Is Question

Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction

Time: 0

#### **Correct Marks: 2**

Question Label: Multiple Choice Question

Which of the following is the nullspace of *A*?

### **Options:**

```
6406532305296. ✓ span{(-1, 1, 1)}
6406532305297. ※ span{(1, 1, 0)}
6406532305298. ※ span{(1, 0, 1),(0, 1, -1)}
6406532305299. ※ span{(1, 1, 0),(0, 1, -1)}
```

Question Number: 132 Question Id: 640653689014 Question Type: SA Calculator: None

Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction Time: 0

**Correct Marks: 2** 

Question Label: Short Answer Question

Let B be a square matrix of order 3. What is the smallest value that the nullity of BA could take?

Response Type: Numeric

**Evaluation Required For SA:** Yes

**Show Word Count:** Yes

**Answers Type:** Equal

**Text Areas:** PlainText

**Possible Answers:** 

1

Question Id: 640653689015 Question Type: COMPREHENSION Sub Question Shuffling

Allowed: No Group Comprehension Questions: No Question Pattern Type: NonMatrix

Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction Time: 0

**Question Numbers: (133 to 134)** 

Question Label: Comprehension

Consider a vector space V with bases  $\beta = \{v_1, v_2\}$  and  $\gamma = \{v_1 + v_2, v_1 - v_2\}$ .

T is a linear transformation from V to itself such that  $T(v_1) = v_1 + 2v_2$ 

and 
$$T(v_2) = 2v_1 - v_2$$
.

Based on the above data, answer the given subquestions.

## **Sub questions**

Question Number: 133 Question Id: 640653689016 Question Type: MCQ Is Question

Mandatory : No Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction

Time: 0

**Correct Marks: 3** 

Question Label: Multiple Choice Question

Find the matrix corresponding to T

if  $\gamma$  is used as the basis for both

the domain and co-domain.

## **Options:**

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

6406532305302. \* 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

6406532305304. \* 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1.5 & 0.5 \\ -0.5 & 1.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

Question Number: 134 Question Id: 640653689017 Question Type: MCQ Is Question

Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction

Time: 0

Correct Marks: 1

Question Label: Multiple Choice Question

Is *T* an isomorphism?

**Options:** 

6406532305305. V Yes

6406532305306. \*\* No

# Sem2 Statistics2

**Section Id:** 64065348484

Section Number: 7

Section type: Online

Mandatory or Optional: Mandatory

Number of Questions: 12

Number of Questions to be attempted: 12

Section Marks: 40

**Display Number Panel:** Yes

Group All Questions: No

**Enable Mark as Answered Mark for Review and** 

Yes Clear Response:

Maximum Instruction Time: 0

Sub-Section Number: 1

**Sub-Section Id:** 640653100690

**Question Shuffling Allowed:** No

Is Section Default?: null

Question Number: 135 Question Id: 640653689018 Question Type: MCQ Is Question

Mandatory: No Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction