

6406533522855. ✓ $\frac{e^{-2}(2)^5}{5!}$

Question Number : 161 Question Id : 6406531043211 Question Type : MCQ

Correct Marks : 4

Question Label : Multiple Choice Question

Metros on a certain station arrives uniformly after every 10 minutes. If a person arrives at the metro station at random, then what is the probability that he has to wait at least 4 minutes?

Options :

6406533522856. ✖ $\frac{4}{10}$

6406533522857. ✓ $\frac{6}{10}$

6406533522858. ✖ 0

6406533522859. ✖ $\frac{1}{3}$

Sem2 Maths2

Section Id :	64065375502
Section Number :	5
Section type :	Online
Mandatory or Optional :	Mandatory
Number of Questions :	17
Number of Questions to be attempted :	17
Section Marks :	50
Display Number Panel :	Yes
Section Negative Marks :	0
Group All Questions :	No
Enable Mark as Answered Mark for Review and Clear Response :	No
Section Maximum Duration :	0
Section Minimum Duration :	0
Section Time In :	Minutes

Maximum Instruction Time : 0
Sub-Section Number : 1
Sub-Section Id : 640653160691
Question Shuffling Allowed : No

Question Number : 162 Question Id : 6406531043213 Question Type : MCQ

Correct Marks : 0

Question Label : Multiple Choice Question

**THIS IS QUESTION PAPER FOR THE SUBJECT "FOUNDATION LEVEL : SEMESTER II:
MATHEMATICS FOR DATA SCIENCE II (COMPUTER BASED EXAM)"**

ARE YOU SURE YOU HAVE TO WRITE EXAM FOR THIS SUBJECT?

CROSS CHECK YOUR HALL TICKET TO CONFIRM THE SUBJECTS TO BE WRITTEN.

**(IF IT IS NOT THE CORRECT SUBJECT, PLS CHECK THE SECTION AT THE [TOP](#) FOR THE SUBJECTS
REGISTERED BY YOU)**

Options :

6406533522864. ✓ YES

6406533522865. ✗ NO

Sub-Section Number : 2
Sub-Section Id : 640653160692
Question Shuffling Allowed : Yes

Question Number : 163 Question Id : 6406531043223 Question Type : MCQ

Correct Marks : 2

Question Label : Multiple Choice Question

Consider the subspace $W = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix} \mid a + b = c, c + d = b - a \right\}$ of $M_{2 \times 2}(\mathbb{R})$.

Find the dimension of W .

Options :

6406533522885. ✗ $\dim(W) = 1$

6406533522886. ✓ $\dim(W) = 2$

6406533522887. ✗ $\dim(W) = 3$

6406533522888. ✗ $\dim(W) = 4$

Sub-Section Number : 3
Sub-Section Id : 640653160693

Question Shuffling Allowed :

Yes

Question Number : 164 Question Id : 6406531043214 Question Type : MSQ

Correct Marks : 3 Max. Selectable Options : 0

Question Label : Multiple Select Question

Let $A \in M_{4 \times 4}(\mathbb{R})$ be a matrix with determinant -2. Which of the following operations transform A to a matrix B with determinant 10. Choose all the correct options:

Options :

6406533522866. ✓ Add second row to fourth row and multiply second row with -5.

6406533522867. ✗ Multiply matrix A with -5.

6406533522868. ✓ Interchange first and third row and multiply fourth row with 5.

6406533522869. ✓ Multiply second row of A with 5 and multiply third row with -1.

Question Number : 165 Question Id : 6406531043218 Question Type : MSQ

Correct Marks : 3 Max. Selectable Options : 0

Question Label : Multiple Select Question

Assume the usual vector addition and scalar multiplication for all the options below. Choose the correct option(s) from the following statements.

Options :

6406533522875. ✓ The set of vectors $\{(x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^3 \mid x + y = z\}$ forms a vector space.

Let $A \in M_{5 \times 3}(\mathbb{R})$ be a matrix such that the columns of A are linearly independent. The set of all solutions of the homogeneous system

6406533522876. ✓ $Ax = 0$ is a vector space of dimension 0.

The set of all $n \times n$ matrices with rank strictly less than n forms a

6406533522877. ✗ vector space.

6406533522878. ✗ The set of all $n \times n$ invertible matrices forms a vector space.

Question Number : 166 Question Id : 6406531043239 Question Type : MSQ

Correct Marks : 3 Max. Selectable Options : 0

Question Label : Multiple Select Question

Let f be a scalar-valued multivariable function defined on a domain $D \subset \mathbb{R}^2$. Choose all the correct statements from the following statements regarding the directional derivative f_u of f in the direction of the unit vector u .

Options :

6406533522917. ✖ If the partial derivatives of f exist at a point (a, b) , then $f_u(a, b)$ exists for all unit vectors u .
6406533522918. ✔ If f_u exists at a point (a, b) for all unit vectors u , then the partial derivatives of f exist at (a, b) .
6406533522919. ✖ If ∇f exists at a point (a, b) , then the tangent plane to the graph of f exists at that point.
6406533522920. ✔ If there exists a point $(a, b) \in D$ such that $\nabla f(a, b) = 0$ and ∇f is continuous in a neighbourhood around (a, b) , then $f_u = 0$, for all unit vectors u .

Question Number : 167 Question Id : 6406531043250 Question Type : MSQ

Correct Marks : 3 Max. Selectable Options : 0

Question Label : Multiple Select Question

Consider the function $f : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ defined as follows:

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} (x^2 + y) \sin\left(\frac{1}{x^2 + y^2}\right), & \text{for } (x, y) \neq (0, 0) \\ 0, & \text{for } (x, y) = (0, 0) \end{cases}$$

Choose all the correct statements from the following.

Options :

6406533522931. ✔ The function f is continuous at $(0, 0)$.
6406533522932. ✔ There is a direction along which the directional derivative of f does not exist at $(0, 0)$.
6406533522933. ✖ There are infinitely many unit direction vectors along which the directional derivative of f exists at $(0, 0)$.
6406533522934. ✖ The tangent hyperplane to f at $(0, 0)$ exists.

Sub-Section Number :

4

Sub-Section Id :

640653160694

Question Shuffling Allowed :

No

Question Id : 6406531043215 Question Type : COMPREHENSION Sub Question Shuffling Allowed : No Group Comprehension Questions : No Question Pattern Type : NonMatrix Question Numbers : (168 to 169)

Question Label : Comprehension

Let $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 1 \\ k & -2 & 2 \\ 5 & 1 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$ where $k \in \mathbb{R}$. Answer the given subquestions

Sub questions

Question Number : 168 Question Id : 6406531043216 Question Type : SA

Correct Marks : 1.5

Question Label : Short Answer Question

Find the value of k for which the system

$Ax = 0$ has infinitely many solutions.

Response Type : Numeric

Evaluation Required For SA : Yes

Show Word Count : Yes

Answers Type : Equal

Text Areas : PlainText

Possible Answers :

4

Question Number : 169 Question Id : 6406531043217 Question Type : MCQ

Correct Marks : 1.5

Question Label : Multiple Choice Question

If $k = 3$ and $b = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ \alpha \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$, then which of the

following option is true?

Options :

If $\alpha = 2$, then the system $Ax = b$ will
have a unique solution.

6406533522871. ✓

If $\alpha = 1$, then the system $Ax = b$ will
have infinitely many solutions.

6406533522872. ✗

If $\alpha = -3$, then the rank of the augmented matrix $[A|b]$ is not equal to rank of A .

6406533522873. ✖

If $\alpha = 1$, then b does not belong to the column space of A .

6406533522874. ✖

Question Id : 6406531043219 Question Type : COMPREHENSION Sub Question Shuffling Allowed : No Group Comprehension Questions : No Question Pattern Type : NonMatrix

Question Numbers : (170 to 172)

Question Label : Comprehension

Let $A = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & k \\ 1 & 3 \\ k-1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ where $k \in \mathbb{R}$.

Answer the given subquestions as true or false:

Sub questions

Question Number : 170 Question Id : 6406531043220 Question Type : MCQ

Correct Marks : 1

Question Label : Multiple Choice Question

There are infinitely many values of k for which the rows of A span \mathbb{R}^2 .

Options :

6406533522879. ✔ TRUE

6406533522880. ✖ FALSE

Question Number : 171 Question Id : 6406531043221 Question Type : MCQ

Correct Marks : 1

Question Label : Multiple Choice Question

There exists $k \in \mathbb{R}$ such that rank of A is 1.

Options :

6406533522881. ✖ TRUE

6406533522882. ✔ FALSE

Question Number : 172 Question Id : 6406531043222 Question Type : MCQ

Correct Marks : 1

Question Label : Multiple Choice Question

When $k = 1$, the column vectors span the xy - plane in \mathbb{R}^3 .

Options :

6406533522883. ✓ TRUE

6406533522884. ✗ FALSE

Question Id : 6406531043224 Question Type : COMPREHENSION Sub Question Shuffling

Allowed : No Group Comprehension Questions : No Question Pattern Type : NonMatrix

Question Numbers : (173 to 175)

Question Label : Comprehension

Let $T : \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3$ be a linear transformation and $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 3 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ is the matrix representation of T with respect to the standard ordered basis for both the domain and the codomain. Based on this information, answer the given subquestions

Sub questions

Question Number : 173 Question Id : 6406531043225 Question Type : MCQ

Correct Marks : 1

Question Label : Multiple Choice Question

Choose the correct definition for T .

Options :

6406533522889. ✓ $T(x, y, z) = (2x + 3y - z, x - z, x + 3y)$.

6406533522890. ✗ $T(x, y, z) = (2x + y + z, 3x + 3z, -x - y)$.

6406533522891. ✗ $T(x, y, z) = (2x + 3y + z, x - z, x + 3y)$.

Question Number : 174 Question Id : 6406531043226 Question Type : SA

Correct Marks : 1

Question Label : Short Answer Question

If B is the matrix representation of T with respect to the ordered basis $\{(-1, -1, 0), (0, -2, 3), (1, 3, 1)\}$ for both the domain and the codomain, find the rank of B .

Response Type : Numeric

Evaluation Required For SA : Yes

Show Word Count : Yes

Answers Type : Equal

Text Areas : PlainText

Possible Answers :

2

Question Number : 175 **Question Id :** 6406531043227 **Question Type :** SA

Correct Marks : 1

Question Label : Short Answer Question

Find the determinant of B .

Response Type : Numeric

Evaluation Required For SA : Yes

Show Word Count : Yes

Answers Type : Equal

Text Areas : PlainText

Possible Answers :

0

Question Id : 6406531043235 **Question Type :** COMPREHENSION **Sub Question Shuffling Allowed :** No **Group Comprehension Questions :** No **Question Pattern Type :** NonMatrix

Question Numbers : (176 to 178)

Question Label : Comprehension

For a domain $D \subset \mathbb{R}^2$, let $f : D \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be the scalar valued function defined by the formula

$$f(x, y) = \frac{1}{x^2 + y^2}, \text{ for all } (x, y) \in D.$$

Based on the above data, answer the given subquestions.

Sub questions

Question Number : 176 **Question Id :** 6406531043236 **Question Type :** MCQ

Correct Marks : 1

Question Label : Multiple Choice Question

Which of the following is the largest possible set that would be a valid domain D for the given function f ?

Options :

6406533522905. ✖ \mathbb{R}^2

6406533522906. ✔ $\{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 \mid x^2 + y^2 \neq 0\}$

6406533522907. ✖ $\{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 \mid x^2 + y^2 \neq 1\}$

6406533522908. ✖ $\{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 \mid x^2 + y^2 < 1\}$

Question Number : 177 Question Id : 6406531043237 Question Type : MCQ

Correct Marks : 1

Question Label : Multiple Choice Question

For $D = \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 \mid x^2 + y^2 < \frac{1}{2}\}$, what is the range of f ?

Options :

6406533522909. ✖ \mathbb{R}

6406533522910. ✖ $(0, 2)$

6406533522911. ✔ $(2, \infty)$

6406533522912. ✖ $(0, \frac{1}{2})$

Question Number : 178 Question Id : 6406531043238 Question Type : MCQ

Correct Marks : 1

Question Label : Multiple Choice Question

For which of the following choices of D is the function f injective?

Options :

6406533522913. ✔ $\{(0, y) \mid y > 0\}$

6406533522914. ✖ $\{(x, -1) \mid x > -1\}$

6406533522915. ✖ $\{(1, y) \mid y < 1\}$

6406533522916. ✖ $\{(0, y) \mid y \neq 0\}$

Question Id : 6406531043240 Question Type : COMPREHENSION Sub Question Shuffling Allowed : No Group Comprehension Questions : No Question Pattern Type : NonMatrix Question Numbers : (179 to 180)

Question Label : Comprehension

Let $f : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be the function defined as follows:

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} x^m y \sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) & \text{if } x \neq 0 \\ k & \text{if } x = 0 \end{cases}$$

where $k \in \mathbb{R}$ and m is a positive integer.

Based on the above data, answer the given subquestions.

Sub questions

Question Number : 179 Question Id : 6406531043241 Question Type : SA Correct Marks : 1

Question Label : Short Answer Question

Find the value of k for which f is continuous at $(0, 0)$.

Response Type : Numeric

Evaluation Required For SA : Yes

Show Word Count : Yes

Answers Type : Equal

Text Areas : PlainText

Possible Answers :

0

Question Number : 180 Question Id : 6406531043242 Question Type : SA Correct Marks : 2

Question Label : Short Answer Question

Using the value of k obtained in the previous question, find the minimum value of the integer m for which $f_x(0, 1)$ (the partial derivative of f in the variable x at the point $(0, 1)$) exists.

Response Type : Numeric

Evaluation Required For SA : Yes

Show Word Count : Yes

Answers Type : Equal

Text Areas : PlainText

Possible Answers :

2

Question Id : 6406531043243 **Question Type :** COMPREHENSION Sub Question Shuffling

Allowed : No Group Comprehension Questions : No Question Pattern Type : NonMatrix

Question Numbers : (181 to 182)

Question Label : Comprehension

Let $f : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be the function defined by

$$f(x, y) = \sin^2(x) + \cos^2(y) + 4y$$

Based on the above data, answer the given subquestions.

Sub questions

Question Number : 181 **Question Id :** 6406531043244 **Question Type :** SA

Correct Marks : 1

Question Label : Short Answer Question

For $c \in \mathbb{R}$, if $\nabla f(c, c) = (a, b)$, then find the value of $a + b$.

Response Type : Numeric

Evaluation Required For SA : Yes

Show Word Count : Yes

Answers Type : Equal

Text Areas : PlainText

Possible Answers :

4

Question Number : 182 **Question Id :** 6406531043245 **Question Type :** MSQ

Correct Marks : 2 **Max. Selectable Options :** 0

Question Label : Multiple Select Question

Choose the options for which $f_u(x, y) = 0$.

Options :

6406533522924. ✓ $u = (1, 0), \quad (x, y) = \left(\frac{\pi}{2}, 0\right).$

6406533522925. ✗ $u = (0, 1), \quad (x, y) = \left(0, \frac{\pi}{4}\right).$

6406533522926. ✓ $u = \left(-\frac{4}{\sqrt{17}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{17}}\right), \quad (x, y) = \left(\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{2}\right).$

6406533522927. ✓ $u = \left(\frac{3}{\sqrt{10}}, -\frac{1}{\sqrt{10}}\right), \quad (x, y) = \left(\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{4}\right).$

Question Id : 6406531043246 Question Type : COMPREHENSION Sub Question Shuffling Allowed : No Group Comprehension Questions : No Question Pattern Type : NonMatrix Question Numbers : (183 to 185)

Question Label : Comprehension

Consider the scalar-valued function $f(x, y) = x \sin y + y \cos x$ defined on \mathbb{R}^2 . Let $(a, 3, b)$ be a point that lies on the tangent line to the graph of f at $(0, 0)$ in the direction of steepest ascent.

Based on the above data, answer the given subquestions.

Sub questions

Question Number : 183 Question Id : 6406531043247 Question Type : SA

Correct Marks : 1

Question Label : Short Answer Question

Find the directional derivative of f at the point $(0, 0)$ in the direction of steepest ascent.

Response Type : Numeric

Evaluation Required For SA : Yes

Show Word Count : Yes

Answers Type : Equal

Text Areas : PlainText

Possible Answers :

1

Question Number : 184 Question Id : 6406531043248 Question Type : SA

Correct Marks : 1

Question Label : Short Answer Question

Find the value of a .

Response Type : Numeric

Evaluation Required For SA : Yes

Show Word Count : Yes

Answers Type : Equal

Text Areas : PlainText

Possible Answers :

0

Question Number : 185 Question Id : 6406531043249 Question Type : SA

Correct Marks : 1

Question Label : Short Answer Question

Find the value of b .

Response Type : Numeric

Evaluation Required For SA : Yes

Show Word Count : Yes

Answers Type : Equal

Text Areas : PlainText

Possible Answers :

3

Question Id : 6406531043255 Question Type : COMPREHENSION Sub Question Shuffling

Allowed : No Group Comprehension Questions : No Question Pattern Type : NonMatrix

Question Numbers : (186 to 187)

Question Label : Comprehension

Consider the function $f(x, y) = \cos(\pi(x^2 + y^2))$ defined on \mathbb{R}^2 .

Based on the above data, answer the given subquestions.

Sub questions

Question Number : 186 Question Id : 6406531043256 Question Type : MCQ

Correct Marks : 1

Question Label : Multiple Choice Question

How many critical points does the function f have?

Options :

6406533522944. ✖ 0

6406533522945. ✖ 1

6406533522946. ✖ 2

6406533522947. ✔ Infinitely many

Question Number : 187 Question Id : 6406531043257 Question Type : MCQ

Correct Marks : 2

Question Label : Multiple Choice Question

What can we conclude from the Hessian test for the function f at $(0, 0)$?

Options :

6406533522948. ✖ $(0, 0)$ is not a critical point.

6406533522949. ✔ The Hessian test is inconclusive.

6406533522950. ✖ The Hessian test can be used to conclude that $(0, 0)$ is a local maximum.

6406533522951. ✖ The Hessian test can be used to conclude that $(0, 0)$ is a local minimum.

6406533522952. ✖ The Hessian test can be used to conclude that $(0, 0)$ is a saddle point.

Sub-Section Number :

5

Sub-Section Id :

640653160695

Question Shuffling Allowed :

No

Question Id : 6406531043228 Question Type : COMPREHENSION Sub Question Shuffling Allowed : No Group Comprehension Questions : No Question Pattern Type : NonMatrix Question Numbers : (188 to 189)

Question Label : Comprehension

Let $T: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3$ be a linear transformation with range space of T given by $W = \text{span}\{(1, 3, 1), (2, 0, -1), (-2, 2, 2)\}$. Based on the above information, answer the given subquestions:

Sub questions

Question Number : 188 Question Id : 6406531043229 Question Type : MSQ

Correct Marks : 3 Max. Selectable Options : 0

Question Label : Multiple Select Question

Let A be the matrix representation of T with respect to some ordered basis for both the domain and the codomain. Which of the following options is correct:

Options :

6406533522894. ✔ The columns of A are always linearly independent.

6406533522895. ✖ The rows of A may not be linearly dependent.

6406533522896. ✔ The nullity of A is 0.

6406533522897. ✔ The range of A forms a plane in \mathbb{R}^3 .

Question Number : 189 Question Id : 6406531043230 Question Type : MCQ

Correct Marks : 1

Question Label : Multiple Choice Question

The transformation T is

Options :

6406533522898. ✖ bijective

6406533522899. ✔ injective but not surjective

6406533522900. ✖ surjective but not injective

6406533522901. ✖ neither injective nor surjective

Question Id : 6406531043231 Question Type : COMPREHENSION Sub Question Shuffling

Allowed : No Group Comprehension Questions : No Question Pattern Type : NonMatrix

Question Numbers : (190 to 192)

Question Label : Comprehension

Let $P_W : \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3$ be the projection (with respect to the standard inner product on \mathbb{R}^3) on the subspace $W = \{(x, y, z) \mid 2x + y - 3z = 0\}$.

Based on the above information, answer the given subquestions

Sub questions

Question Number : 190 Question Id : 6406531043232 Question Type : SA

Correct Marks : 1.5

Question Label : Short Answer Question

If $P_W(1, -2, 0) = (a, b, c)$, find $a + b + c$.

Response Type : Numeric

Evaluation Required For SA : Yes

Show Word Count : Yes

Answers Type : Equal

Text Areas : PlainText

Possible Answers :

-1

Question Number : 191 Question Id : 6406531043233 Question Type : SA

Correct Marks : 1.5

Question Label : Short Answer Question

If (α, β, γ) is a vector in the kernel of P_W , find $\alpha + \beta + \gamma$.

Response Type : Numeric

Evaluation Required For SA : Yes

Show Word Count : Yes

Answers Type : Equal

Text Areas : PlainText

Possible Answers :

0

Question Number : 192 Question Id : 6406531043234 Question Type : SA

Correct Marks : 1

Question Label : Short Answer Question

What is the dimension of the orthogonal complement W^\perp ?

Response Type : Numeric

Evaluation Required For SA : Yes

Show Word Count : Yes

Answers Type : Equal

Text Areas : PlainText

Possible Answers :

1

Question Id : 6406531043251 Question Type : COMPREHENSION Sub Question Shuffling

Allowed : No Group Comprehension Questions : No Question Pattern Type : NonMatrix

Question Numbers : (193 to 195)

Question Label : Comprehension

Consider the graph of the scalar-valued function $f(x, y) = x^2$ defined on \mathbb{R}^2 . The point on the graph which is closest to a fixed point (x_0, y_0, z_0) can be found by minimizing the function defined by computing the square of the distance between (x_0, y_0, z_0) and a generic point $(x, y, f(x, y))$ on the graph.

Based on the above data, answer the given subquestions.

Sub questions

Question Number : 193 Question Id : 6406531043252 Question Type : MCQ

Correct Marks : 1

Question Label : Multiple Choice Question

Which of the following functions expresses the square of the distance between the point $(0, 1, -1)$ and a generic point on the graph of f .

Options :

6406533522935. ✖ $\phi(x, y) = x^4 - x^2 + y^2 - 2y + 2$

6406533522936. ✔ $\phi(x, y) = x^4 + 3x^2 + y^2 - 2y + 2$

6406533522937. ✖ $\phi(x, y) = x^4 + 3x^2 + y^2 + 2y + 2$

6406533522938. ✖ $\phi(x, y) = x^4 - x^2 + y^2 - 2y$

Question Number : 194 Question Id : 6406531043253 Question Type : SA

Correct Marks : 2

Question Label : Short Answer Question

Using the function given, calculate the minimum distance between $(0, 1, -1)$ and the graph of f .

Response Type : Numeric

Evaluation Required For SA : Yes

Show Word Count : Yes

Answers Type : Equal

Text Areas : PlainText

Possible Answers :

1

Question Number : 195 Question Id : 6406531043254 Question Type : MCQ

Correct Marks : 1

Question Label : Multiple Choice Question

Which of the following statements is true about ϕ , the function which is the square of the distance between $(0, 1, -1)$ and the graph of f ?

Options :

There is a unique point on the graph of f

6406533522940. ✖ that maximizes the function ϕ .

6406533522941. ✖

There are more than one, but finitely many points on the graph of f that maximize the function ϕ .

6406533522942. ✖ There are infinitely many points on the graph of f that maximize the function ϕ .

6406533522943. ✔ There is no point on the graph of f that maximizes the function ϕ .

Sem2 Statistics2

Section Id :	64065375503
Section Number :	6
Section type :	Online
Mandatory or Optional :	Mandatory
Number of Questions :	12
Number of Questions to be attempted :	12
Section Marks :	40
Display Number Panel :	Yes
Section Negative Marks :	0
Group All Questions :	No
Enable Mark as Answered Mark for Review and Clear Response :	No
Section Maximum Duration :	0
Section Minimum Duration :	0
Section Time In :	Minutes
Maximum Instruction Time :	0
Sub-Section Number :	1
Sub-Section Id :	640653160696
Question Shuffling Allowed :	No

Question Number : 196 Question Id : 6406531043258 Question Type : MCQ

Correct Marks : 0

Question Label : Multiple Choice Question

THIS IS QUESTION PAPER FOR THE SUBJECT "FOUNDATION LEVEL : SEMESTER II: STATISTICS FOR DATA SCIENCE II (COMPUTER BASED EXAM)"